VERSES TECHNOLOGIES INC. (THE "COMPANY") AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

GENERAL

The primary function of the Audit Committee, under the supervision of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities regarding the integrity of the Company's accounting and financial reporting processes and provision of financial information to the shareholders and others, the systems of internal controls and disclosure controls, the Company's internal and external audit process, the Company's policies with regard to ethics and business practices, and monitoring compliance with the Company's legal and regulatory requirements with respect to its financial statements.

The Audit Committee is accountable to the Board. In the course of fulfilling its specific responsibilities hereunder, the Audit Committee is expected to maintain open communications between the Company's external auditor, senior management and the Board.

The Audit Committee does not plan or perform audits or warrant or attest to the accuracy or completeness of the Company's financial statements or financial disclosure or compliance with generally accepted accounting procedures as these are the responsibilities of management and the external auditor.

COMPOSITION

The Audit Committee shall be comprised of at least three directors of the Company, who generally shall be appointed or confirmed by the Board annually. The Chair of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board, failing which the members of the Audit Committee may designate a Chair by a majority vote of the full Audit Committee membership. All members of the Audit Committee shall be directors and shall meet the independence, financial literacy and experience requirements under applicable laws, rules and regulations binding on the Company from time to time, including without limitation the applicable rules of any stock exchanges upon which the Company's shares are listed and the requirements for independence and financial literacy under National Instrument 52-110 — Audit Committees ("NI 52-110") in Canada. Subject to certain exemptions outlined in NI 52-110, every member of the Audit Committee must be "independent" and "financially literate", as such terms are defined in NI 52-110.

PROCEDURAL MATTERS

The Audit Committee:

(a) Shall meet at least four times per year on a quarterly basis, either by telephone conference or in person. Any member of the Audit Committee may call such a meeting. A majority of the members appointed to the Audit Committee shall constitute a quorum. For clarity, quorum may be reached in person, or by telephone, video conference, or other communication facilities acceptable to the Board. Matters decided by the Audit Committee shall be decided by majority votes, and the Chair of the Audit Committee shall only have an ordinary vote with no additional tie-breaking powers.

- (b) May invite the Company's external auditor, the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), and such other persons as deemed appropriate by the Audit Committee to attend meetings of the Audit Committee. As part of its mandate to foster open communication, the Audit Committee shall meet at least annually with the CFO and the external auditor in separate sessions, and to that end the Audit Committee generally shall have as a standing agenda item an in-camera meeting with the external auditors for any meeting at which they attend.
- (c) Shall report material decisions and actions of the Audit Committee to the Board, together with such recommendations as the Audit Committee may deem appropriate, at the next Board meeting.
- (d) Shall review the performance of the Audit Committee on an annual basis and report the results of such review to the Nominating & Corporate Governance Committee.
- (e) Shall review and assess this Charter for the Audit Committee at least annually and submit any proposed revisions to the Board for approval.
- (f) Shall review from time to time as required and recommend to the Board for approval as necessary the indemnification policies, and director and officer insurance policy, if any, of the Company;
- (g) Has the power to conduct or authorize investigations into any matter within the scope of its responsibilities. The Audit Committee has the right to engage independent counsel and other advisors as it determines necessary to carry out its duties, and the right to set and pay, without restriction, the compensation for any such counsel or advisors engaged by the Audit Committee.
- (h) Has the right to communicate directly with the CFO and other members of management who have responsibility for the audit process ("Internal Audit Management"), as well as directly with the external auditor.
- (i) Has the right to require payment of (i) compensation to any external auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing audit, review or attest services for the Company and (ii) all ordinary expenses of the Audit Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Subject to the powers and duties of the Board, the Board hereby delegates to the Audit Committee the following powers and duties to be performed by the Audit Committee on behalf of and for the Board.

Financial Reporting, Accounting and Financial Management

The Audit Committee has primary responsibility for overseeing the actions of management in all aspects of financial management and reporting. The Audit Committee shall:

(a) Review and recommend to the Board for approval the Company's annual and interim financial statements, annual and interim Management's Discussion and Analysis, Annual

Information Form, future-oriented financial information or pro-forma information, and other financial disclosure in continuous disclosure documents, including within any annual or interim profit or loss press releases, and any certification, report, opinion or review rendered by the external auditor, before the Company publicly discloses such information (see also "Interim Financial Statements" below).

- (b) Ensure that it is satisfied that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements (other than public disclosure referred to in subsection (a) immediately above) and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures as necessary.
- (c) Review material financial risks with management, the plan that management has implemented to monitor and deal with such risks, and the success of management in following such plan.
- (d) Consult annually, and otherwise as required, with the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and CFO respecting the adequacy of the internal controls and review any breaches or deficiencies.
- (e) Review as necessary the process with regard to certifications, and ensure certifications by the CEO and CFO attesting to disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are obtained and filed as required under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure In Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings in connection with the Company's annual and interim financial reporting filings.
- (f) Review management's response to significant written reports and recommendations issued by the external auditor and the extent to which such recommendations have been implemented by management. Review such responses with the external auditor as necessary.
- (g) Review with management the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations respecting financial matters.
- (h) Review with management proposed regulatory changes and their impact on the Company.
- (i) Review with management and approve public disclosure of the Audit Committee Charter.

External Auditor

The Audit Committee has primary responsibility for the selection, appointment, dismissal, compensation and oversight of the external auditor, subject to the overall approval of the Board. For this purpose, the Audit Committee may consult with management, but the external auditor shall report directly to the Audit Committee. The specific responsibilities of the Audit Committee with regard to the external auditor are to:

(a) Recommend to the Board annually:

- (i) the external auditor to be nominated (whether the current external auditor or a suitable alternative) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review, or attest services for the Company; and
- (ii) the compensation of the external auditor.
- (b) Oversee the work of the external auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company.
- (c) Resolve disagreements, if any, between management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting. To resolve such disagreements, the Audit Committee shall query management and the external auditor and take other steps as necessary. The Audit Committee shall provide the Board with such recommendations and reports with respect to the financial statements of the Company as it deems advisable.
- (d) Take reasonable steps to confirm the independence of the external auditor, including but not limited to ensuring receipt from the external auditor of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the external auditor and the Company, actively engaging in a dialogue with the auditor with respect to any disclosed relationship or services and pre-approving any non-audit related services provided by the external auditor to the Company or the Company's subsidiaries, if any, with a view to ensuring independence of the auditor. If necessary, recommend to the Board to take appropriate corrective action to ensure the independence of the external auditor.
- (e) Review and pre-approve all audit and audit-related services and the fees related thereto, provided by the Company's external auditor.
- (f) Review and pre-approve all non-audit services to be performed by the Company's external auditor in accordance with any applicable regulatory requirements, including but not limited to NI 52-110, the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the requirements of any stock exchange upon which the Company's shares are listed. The Audit Committee may delegate pre-approval authority for non-audit services to one or more independent members of the Audit Committee provided that any such pre-approval decisions must be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next meeting thereafter. The Audit Committee may also satisfy this pre-approval requirement if it first adopts specific policies and procedures respecting same in accordance with NI 52-110 such that the pre-approval policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular service, the Audit Committee is informed of each such non-audit service, and the procedures do not include delegation of the Audit Committee's responsibilities to management.
- (g) Obtain from the external auditor confirmation that the external auditor is a 'participating audit' firm for the purpose of National Instrument 52-108 Auditor Oversight and is registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in the United States, and is otherwise in compliance with all applicable governing regulations.
- (h) Review and evaluate the performance of the external auditor.

(i) Review and approve the Company's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the Company's present and former external auditors.

Audit and Financial Reporting Process

The Audit Committee has a duty to receive, review and make any inquiry regarding the completeness, accuracy and presentation of the Company's financial statements to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the financial position and risks of the organization and are prepared in accordance with the applicable generally accepted accounting principles. To accomplish this, the Audit Committee shall:

- (a) Review at least annually the Company's internal system of audit and financial controls, internal audit procedures and results of such audits, and receive regular, generally quarterly, updates from management on such controls, procedures and audit activities.
- (b) Prior to the annual audit by the external auditor, consider the scope and general extent of the external auditor's review, including its engagement letter. Review with management the external auditor's audit plan and intended template for financial statements.
- (c) Ensure the external auditor has full, unrestricted access to required information and has the cooperation of management.
- (d) Review with the external auditor, in advance of the audit, the audit process and standards, as well as regulatory or Company-initiated changes in accounting practices and policies and the financial impact thereof, and selection or application of appropriate accounting principles.
- (e) Review with the external auditor and, if necessary, legal counsel, any litigation, claim or contingency, including tax assessments, or significant judgments made by management that could have a material effect upon the financial position of the Company and the manner in which these matters are being disclosed in the financial statements. Review the appropriateness and disclosure of any off-balance sheet matters. Review disclosure of any related-party transactions.
- (f) Receive and review with the external auditor the external auditor's audit report and the audited financial statements. Make recommendations to the Board respecting approval of the audited financial statements.
- (g) Review annually the integrity of the Company's internal and external financial reporting and accounting principles, including the clarity, completeness and accuracy of financial disclosure and the degree of conservatism or aggressiveness of the accounting policies and estimates, performance of Internal Audit Management, any significant disagreements or difficulties in obtaining information, adequacy of internal controls over financial reporting and the degree of compliance of the Company with prior recommendations of the external auditor. The Audit Committee shall direct management to implement such changes as the Audit Committee considers appropriate, subject to any required approvals of the Board arising out of the review.

(h) Meet at least annually with the external auditor, independent of management, consider external auditor's judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles and practices, and report to the Board on such meetings.

Interim Financial Statements

Pursuant to its mandate, the Board shall generally approve the Company's annual and interim financial statements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on an exceptions basis the Board may from time to time delegate to the Audit Committee the power to approve the Company's interim financial statements.

The Audit Committee shall:

- (a) Review on an annual basis the Company's practice with respect to review of interim financial statements by the external auditor.
- (b) Review the interim financial statements with the external auditor if the external auditor conducts a review of the interim financial statements.
- (c) Conduct all such reviews and discussions with the external auditor and management as the Audit Committee deems appropriate.
- (d) Review and, if such authority has been delegated to the Audit Committee by the Board, approve the interim financial statements.
- (e) If authority to approve the interim financial statements has not been delegated to the Audit Committee, make appropriate recommendation to the Board respecting approval of the interim financial statements.

Code of Ethics

The Audit Committee has primary responsibility for overseeing the application of, and compliance with, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code"). The Audit Committee shall review at least annually:

- (a) the Code,
- (b) management's approach to business ethics and corporate conduct; and
- (c) programs used by management to monitor compliance with the Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE

This Audit Committee Charter was updated and adopted by the Board on May 10th, 2022.